## TONGUES WILL CEASE (Part One)

This is our $7^{\text {th }}$ lesson in 2016 Spiritual Gifts series. It would be very important for you to study lessons 5 and lesson 6 in order to understand Paul's discussion of certain spiritual gifts being done away and ceasing during the church age.

## This lesson will study five aspects of Paul's teaching that Tongues Will Cease during the church age.

(1 Cor.13:8b) "If there are tongues (glossa/ nplm), they will cease (pauo/ f.m.ind.3pl)."

1. Notice that pauo [will cease] is in the future tense, intensive middle voice, indicative mood, and $3^{\text {rd }}$ person plural.

- Future tense means sometime in the future time of the church age from Paul's writing of 1 Corinthians (55AD).
- Intense middle voice is important. It calls attention to the subject. Tongues produce the action rather than participating in it (Dana Grammar, pg. 159 on 1 Cor.13:8).
- POINT: The emphasis is the role of tongues in the action of them ceasing.
- It is an intransitive verb meaning that something inside itself will cause it to cease (Dana, pg.154). It does not require something outside of it to cause it to cease.
- The Indicative is the mood of reality in the future of the church age (1 Cor.12:12-27) [spiritual gifts make-up the body of Christ] Sometime between Pentecost and the Rapture tongues will cease.
- Notice tongues is plural because it was spoken in all the different Gentiles languages of the world (Acts 2:8-12) [16 languages and many dialects] (Acts 2:6-8) (language/ dialektos).

2. We know that Paul put certain spiritual gifts into three sections ( 1 Cor.12:8-10). Then he pulled one out of each section to show which ones would be done away and which ones would cease in 1 Cor.13:810).

Now we will study the way Paul listed them in 1 Cor.12:8-10 and the importance of which one he pulled in 1 Cor.13:8-10.

In lessons 5 and 6 we learned that prophecy and discerning spirit was in a set and that tongues and interpretation was also a set

- Section one:
- The gift left word of wisdom
- The gift pulled word of knowledge
- Section two:
- Two gifts left
- gifts pulled
faith, healings, and miracles prophecy and discerning spirit (set)
- Section three:
- No gifts left The gifts pulled (set) tongues and interpretation of tongues. (1 Cor.14:27-30).
NOTE: It seems to me that there were four sets. We learned that the one pulled identified the others as either done away with or ceased.

3. The Gift of Tongues was a prophetic sign to the unbelieving Israelites from 30-70AD.
(1 Cor.1:22) "For indeed Jews ask for signs and Greeks search for wisdom."
( 2 gifts: tongues and word of wisdom)
Interpretation of tongues: (1 Cor.14:5, 13, 27-28) "Unless he interprets (diermeneuo), so that the church may receive edifying."

- (1 Cor.14:20) (New Covenant): "Brethren, do not be children in your thinking; yet in evil be infants, but in your thinking be mature
- (1 Cor.13:11) "When I was a child, I talked like a child, I thought like a child, I reasoned like a child. When I became a man, I put the ways of childhood behind me".
- (Isa.28:11) Very well then, with foreign lips and strange tongues, God will speak to this people,
- (Luke 24:44) "He said to them, "This is what I told you while I was still with you: Everything must be fulfilled that is written about me in the Law of Moses, the Prophets and the Psalms."
- (1 Cor. $14: 21$ ) 'By men of strange tongues and by the lips of strangers I will speak to this people (Judean Jews), and even so they will not listen to Me,' says the Lord.
- (1 Cor.14:22) "So then tongues are for a sign, not to those who believe but to unbelievers; but prophecy is for a sign, not to unbelievers but to those who believe."
- Isa.28:11 (Old Covenant): "Indeed, He (God) will speak (dabar/ piel impf.3ms) to this people through stammering (lag) [barbarian] lips (saphah) [speech] and a foreign (acher) [another] tongue (lashon) [language]."

4. This prophetic sign from Isaiah 28:11 (28:1, 9-13) was $\mathbf{1}$ of $\mathbf{6}$ prophetic woes given to Ephraim (northern kingdom) (Isa.28:1) which will fall under the $5^{\text {th }}$ cycle of divine judgment as the priest-nation to the Assyrians (Deut.28:47-49, 53-57, 64-68 and Lev.26).

- The disciplinary foreign tongue that Ephraim (No. Kingdom) will hear will be Assyrian (722BC).
- The disciplinary foreign tongue that Judah (So. Kingdom) will hear will be Babylonian (586BC).
- The disciplinary foreign tongue that Judah will hear will be Roman (70AD).

NOTE: The $5^{\text {th }}$ cycle of judgment meant removal of Jews from the Promised Land by a Gentile power.
(Isa.28:13) "So the word of the Lord to them will be, 'Order on order, order on order, line on line, line on line, a little here, a little there,' that they may go and stumble backward, be broken, snared and taken captive."

This prophetic woe sign was also a warning to the Judeans (Isa.28:14, 16; Rom.9:32-33; 1 Pet.2:6-8; Eph.2:20).
5. The spiritual gift of tongues, and interpretation of tongues operated through the church from 30-70AD by the gospel of Christ Jesus being preached by converted Jews in Gentile languages and interpreted as a sign of the coming judgment ( $5{ }^{\text {th }} \mathrm{Cycle}$ ) upon Israel.

First century Judah would once again be put under the $5^{\text {th }}$ cycle of judgment for rejecting God's prophetic Word and finally rejecting God's son (Matt.21:33-46) [Parable of Tenants] (John 1:11-13; Acts 2:22-24).

The message delivered by "different kinds of tongues" but the same message, the Grace Gospel of Jesus Christ. It offered grace salvation and turning the cursing of the $5^{\text {th }}$ cycle of judgment into spiritual blessing in Christ (Eph.1:3b).

The Book of Acts is evidence of this type of evangelism (Acts 2, 8, 10-11, and 19) [There were four Pentecost's recorded].

The Gifts of tongues and interpretation will cease with the $5^{\text {th }}$ cycle of divine judgment upon Judah when Gentiles (Rome - 70AD) disperse the Jews from the Promised Land

